



2022 NYS
EXECUTIVE
BUDGET

At a Glance

The Executive Budget and accompanying legislation was released January 19, 2020. This is a quick look at some of the issues in the budget that are important to towns. AOT staff is in the process of further reviewing the budget and budget legislation, and this document will be updated periodically.

- Although not part of the Executive Budget, Robert Mujica announced on January 19, 2020 that of the 20 percent of state funding withheld during FY 2020-2021, 15 percent of that would be returned, and the remaining 5 percent would be withheld moving forward.
- Funding for the Consolidated Highway Improvement Program (CHIPS) and the Marchiselli Program is maintained at last year's level of \$477.8 million. The budget also continues \$100 million in highway aid through the PAVE-NY program, and \$100 million to fund local bridge projects from the BridgeNY program. Funding for Extreme Winter Recovery is not included.
- All towns would shift from AIM to the AIM-related payment program. AIM-related payments would be reduced by 20 percent (PPGG Part LL).
- Legalizes adult use recreational cannabis in NYS. There is no direct revenue available for towns or a local opt-in or opt-out (Revenue Part H).
- Extends the real property tax exemption for renewable energy projects and equipment through 2030. Towns that provide tax exemptions must use the standardized exemption value set forth in the law, and assessors in towns that opt out of the exemption must assess property in accordance with valuation methods set forth in the law. Towns that provide the tax exemption still retain the authority to enter into a PILOT agreement with the property owner. Imposes certain notification requirements for towns that require PILOTS. (Revenue Part X).
- Makes permanent the County-Wide Shared Services Initiative (the program is set to expire December 31, 2021). Also allows projects included in previous plans that have not yet been implemented to be eligible for state-matching funds (PPGG Part NN).
- Extends local governments' authority to "piggyback" on competitively bid contracts from the federal government and/or any state or local government for apparatus, materials, equipment, or supplies, and any services related to their installation, maintenance, and repair for an additional two years, to July 31, 2023 (PPGG Part OO).
- Shifts from a fixed interest rate of 9 percent to a variable market-based interest rate on court judgments and accrued claims paid by public and private entities (PPGG Part AA).

Last updated on 1/20/21